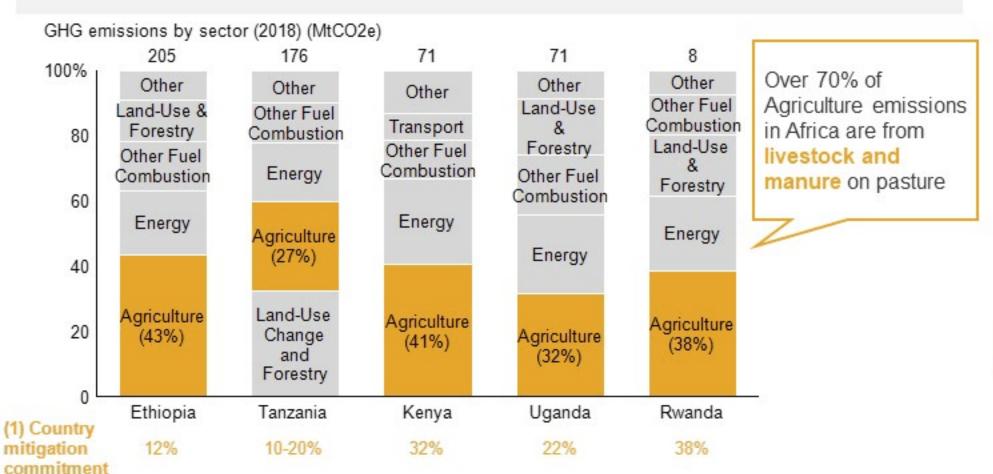
## Pathways to Dairy Net Zero

DNA is party to the dairy industry's global Net Zero commitment and our current focus is on reducing **emissions intensity**. Learn more at: www.pathwaystodairynetzero.com

## Dairy has a critical role to play reducing carbon emissions

Even if fossil fuel emissions were eliminated immediately, emissions from the global food system alone would make it impossible to limit warming to 1.5°C



## DNA steps towards dairy net zero

- Reducing on-farm emission intensity by increasing smallholder milk production, at lower emissions per liter, to meet growing nutrition/food security needs
  - Reducing livestock methane emissions (91% of onfarm emissions) through improved productivity (e.g., feeding, breeding) and methane-inhibiting feed
  - Reducing emissions from manure, water and soil management (8% of emissions) by improving farming practices
  - Mitigating emissions from feed by improving grazing and land cultivation practices
- Increasing adoption of adapted farming practices to improve climate resilience, e.g., fodder crop technologies and conservation, animal husbandry technologies

## Reducing dairy emissions is key to country mitigation plans

Notes: (1) Country Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) is unconditional committed reduction in total emissions vs. BAU by 2030, updated July 2021; Total emissions include land use and forestry (LUCF) except Kenya, where LUCF emissions of 7.62MtCO<sub>2</sub> were excluded due to data discrepancy between WRI CAIT and other sources showing continued deforestation

Source: Global food system emissions could preclude achieving climate change targets: Clark et al (2020). GHG emissions including LUCF (2018) were sourced from World Resources Institute Climate Analysis Indicators Tool (WRI CAIT) 2015 - 2018. Split of emissions by sector was cross-referenced with FAOSTAT 2015 - 2018.